### Alaska LNG Project Update

Frank Richards, President Presented to AGDC Community Advisory Council March 17, 2022



## Alaska LNG Status



### **Strong Economics**

- Alaska LNG has lower costs than its key competitors
- Cost of supply independently verified

### **Fully Permitted**

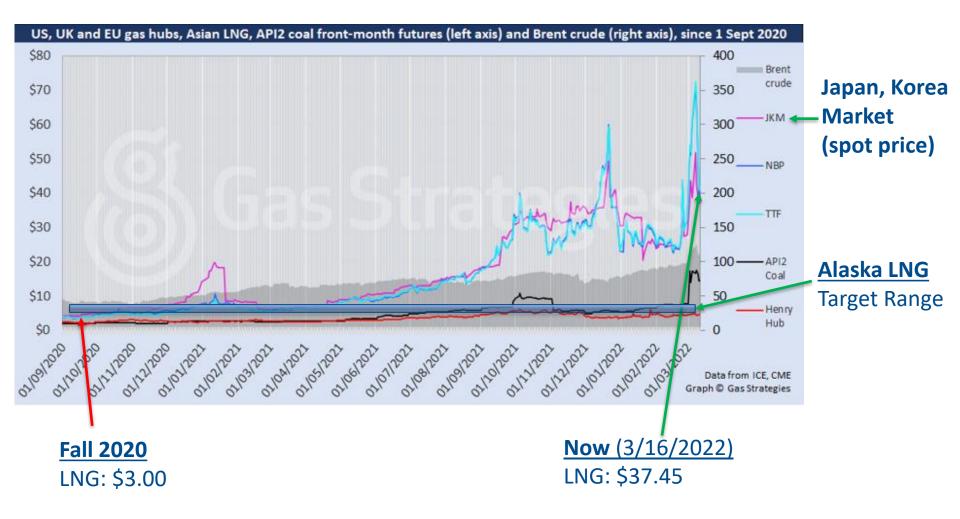
- Federal government has approved construction of Alaska LNG
- Acquiring permits took significant effort and they are valuable

### **Environmental Benefits**

- Alaska LNG will reduce global greenhouse gas emissions
- LNG will continue to be an important energy source through energy transition



## **LNG Market Update**



ALASKA GASLINE \* \* Development corp. \* \*

## **Alaska LNG in the News**



## America's national security solution, energy

BY MICHAEL J. DUNLEAVY, OPINION CONTRIBUTOR -- 03/03/22 03:30 PM EST THE VIEWS EXPRESSED BY CONTRIBUTORS ARE THEIR OWN AND NOT THE VIEW OF THE HILL





© ROSLAN RAHMAN/APP via Oatty Images

Alaska is the answer to a number of critical national security questions in our nation's history. For example, during World War II, the 1,800-mile Alaska highway was built in just eight months to pry open military access to the North Pacific theater. In 1973, the OPEC oil embargo drove up the price of gasoline more than 40 percent; <u>Congress quickly authorized the Trans-Alaska Pipeline</u> and Alaska went on to start producing 20 percent of the nation's oil.

Energy security equals national security and now Russia's invasion of Ukraine threatens the world's energy supply. <u>Europe draws 40 percent of its natural gas from Russia</u>, perhaps why Russia chose to invade in the dead of winter.

And although the U.S. recently became the world's largest exporter of liquefied natural gas (LNG), serving allies across both the Atlantic and Pacific, our supply is still stretched thin. Today we have limited ability to meet additional European energy needs if the Russian spigot closes. A recent Wall Street Journal report <u>notes</u> "Given that U.S. LNG cargoes have Asian customers, where supply is also tight, there isn't infinite wiggle room."

As Russian energy falls out of favor, a push for an Alaska gas pipeline

Amanda Bohman Mar 6, 2022 Updated 1 hr ago 🔍



A \$60 million public works project — a huge tank for storing natural gas — was completed in 2020 near Fairbanks. Amanda Bohman/News-Miner

At the "world's premier energy event" CERAweek, starting Monday in Houston, Texas, Gov. Mike Dunleavy will be promoting the Alaska natural gas pipeline project with new hope.

World leaders are talking about sanctioning energy exports from Russia, a major global liquified natural

## **Strong LNG Market**

### LNG Market is Still Growing

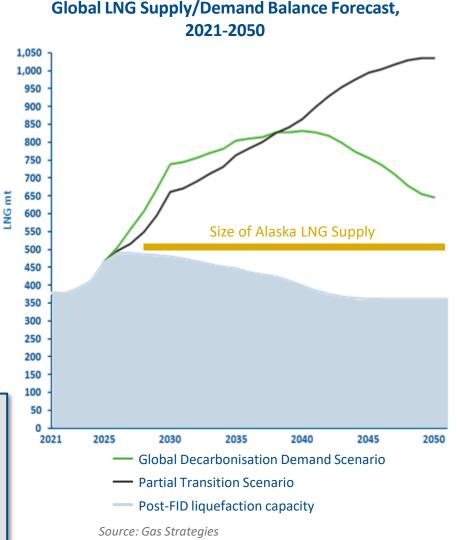
- Demand growth will outpace current and planned LNG capacity
- LNG growth expected as part of energy transition as natural gas emits half the greenhouse gasses emitted by coal

### **Investors and Buyers want LNG**

- New LNG projects expected to be sanctioned in 2022
- Most new projects have some degree of energy transition planning
- Under both energy transition scenarios, LNG demand exceeds supply for the expected life of the Alaska LNG project

"...raising capital for these very capital-intensive [LNG] projects has not really been that much of a challenge to the industry. I think that sends a strong signal of confidence that this [LNG] is going to be around for a while."

-Dan Brouillette, President of Sempra Infrastructure on NPR's Marketplace (Jan 3, 2022)



ALASKA GASLINE \*

## Wood Mackenzie Cost of Supply

### ALASKA GASLINE \* \* Development corp. \* \*

### Wood Mackenzie Updated their 2016 Alaska LNG Competitiveness Analysis

- Wood Mac independently calculated Alaska LNG cost of supply
- AGDC took on the recommendations from the 2016 Report to reduce the Cost of Supply

### Wood Mackenzie's 2022 Report verified that Alaska LNG Cost of Supply is now Competitive

- Transition from 100% equity funding to nonrecourse project finance with a tolling model largest driver of cost reduction
- Since 2016 report, this sort of commercial model has been used to finance the growth of the US LNG industry

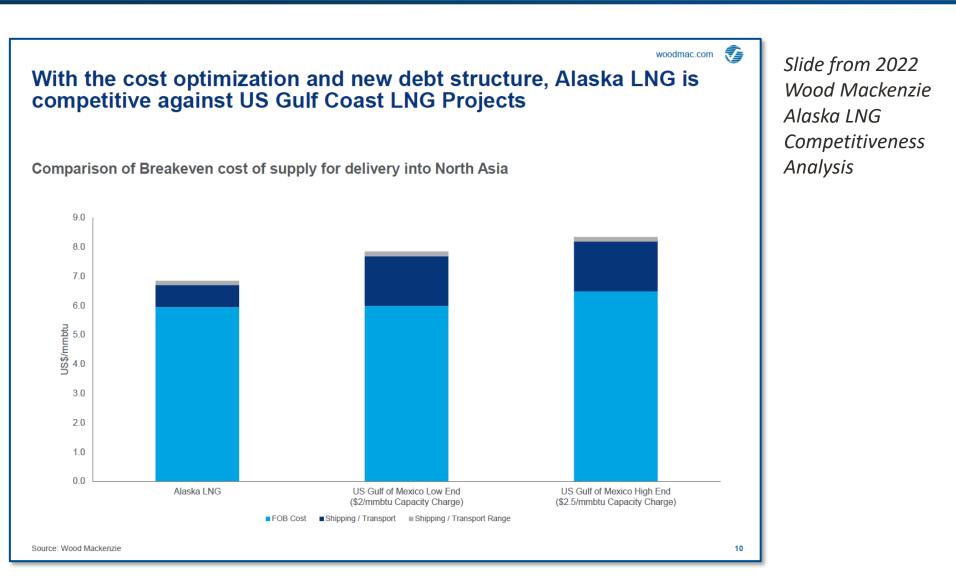
### 2016 Report



### 2022 Update

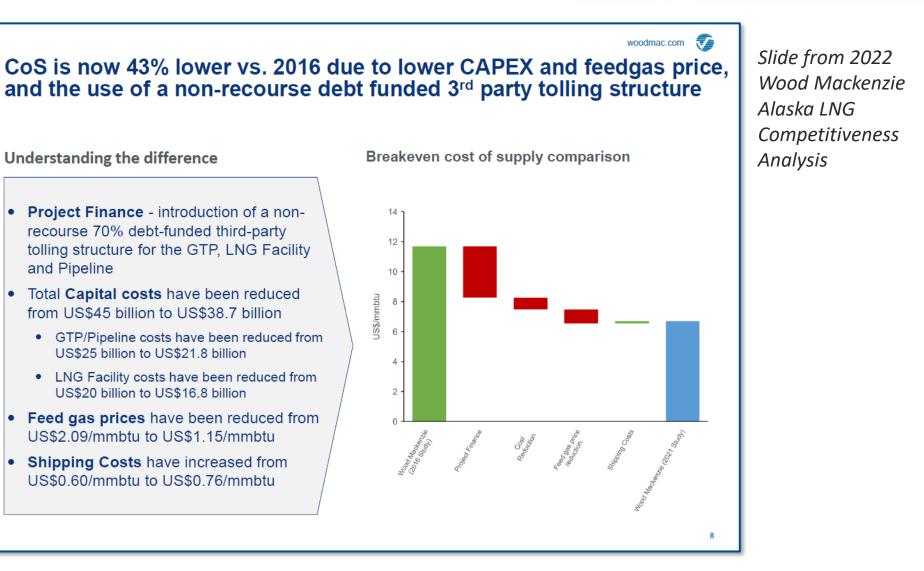


## Wood Mackenzie Cost of Supply



ALASKA GASLINE \* \* Development corp. \* \*

## Wood Mackenzie Cost of Supply



ALASKA GASLINE \* \* Development corp. \* \*

## **Project Finance**

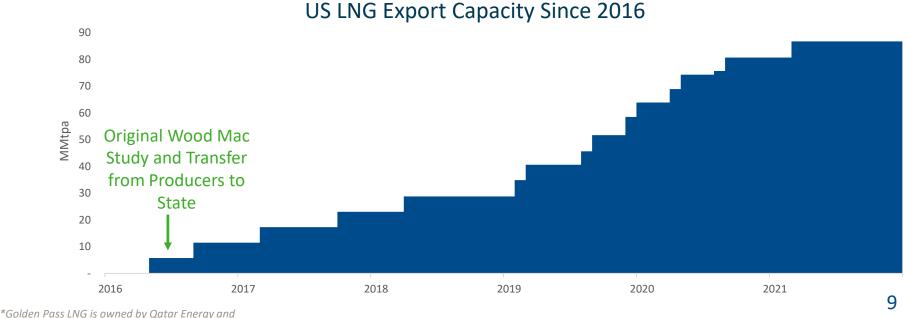
Non-recourse project financing under a tolling model was not widely used for LNG prior to 2016. Since, it has been used for almost all US LNG capacity.

After

- Virtually all LNG projects developed by oil and **Prior** gas companies without true project financing
  - No tolling/capacity charge included in LNG
- 2016 price, LNG sold indexed to oil
  - No US LNG exports

to

- The US LNG industry grows to nearly the largest LNG export in the world
- All LNG plants built by developers with project 2016 finance model, not oil and gas companies\*
  - LNG prices include tolling/capacity charge



ExxonMobil, currently under construction in Texas

## Federal Loan Guarantee

### ALASKA GASLINE \* \* Development corp. \* \*

The full faith and credit of the United States will be pledged to pay the principal and interest on \$26.3 billion of Alaska LNG debt in the event of a default.

# The Infrastructure Bill includes a loan guarantee for Alaska LNG

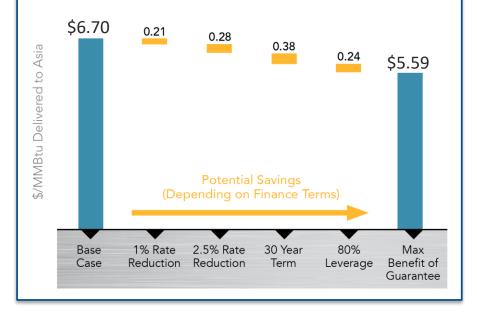
- Principle amount of debt guaranteed up to \$26.3 billion (adjusted for inflation)
- Up to 80% of the capital cost
- Term of up to 30 years
- Loan guarantee will be subject to credit terms and requirements of the loan program

### **Benefits of the loan guarantee**

- Reduced cost of supply
- Completion risk mitigation
- Federal government support and "skin in the game"

### **Reduced Cost of Supply**

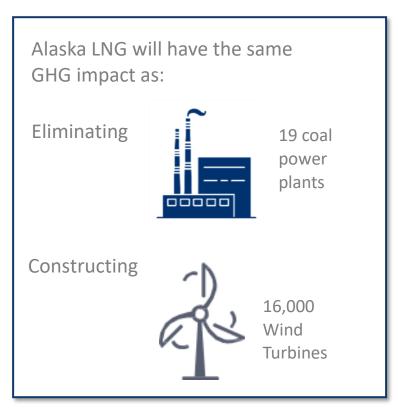
- Interest rate reduction of between 1 and 2.5%
- Potential for longer term debt
- Potential for higher debt/equity ratio



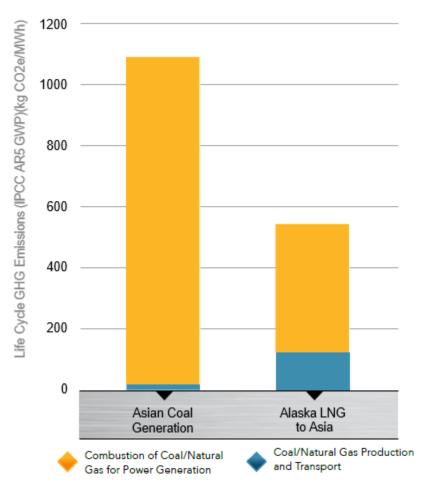
## **Greenhouse Gas Emissions**

### ALASKA GASLINE \* \* Development corp. \* \*

A life cycle analysis of Alaska LNG shows it reduces greenhouse gas emissions for electric power generation by more than 77 million MT of  $CO_2e$  per year in comparison to Asian coal derived power.



### Life Cycle GHG Emissions for Natural Gas vs. Coal Power



Source: Greenhouse Gas Lifecycle Assessment: Alaska LNG Project 11

## **Transition to Private Developers**

Replacing the Producers with Infrastructure Developers is critical to improving project economics and continuing to move Alaska LNG forward.

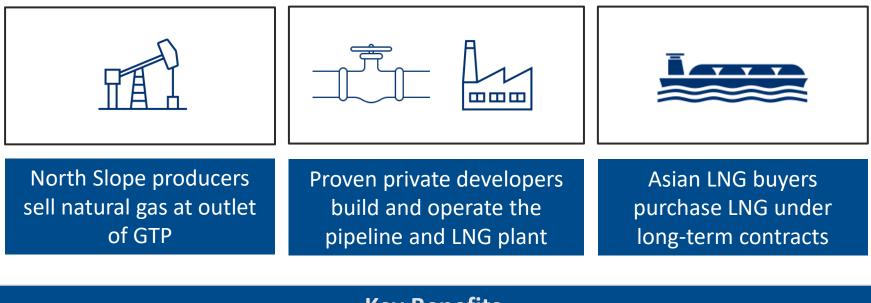


ALASKA GASLINE

**NEUELOPMENT CORP** 



The Alaska LNG commercial structure places qualified developers and operators in the specific roles they are best suited for.



### **Key Benefits**

Does not require North Slope producers to make large infrastructure investments Infrastructure developers operate large-scale assets with financing secured by credit worthy LNG buyers Low-cost LNG with stable pricing available from a source in the North Pacific is appealing to Asian Buyers

## **Alignment of Strategic Parties**

- Advancing the structure and leadership of the project with Strategic Parties consisting of:
  - North Slope producers
  - A major pipeline developer
  - LNG buyers
  - Banks and financial corporations
- These parties have the technical and financial capacity to bring this project to completion
- Strategic parties have a combined market capitalization of \$1.25 trillion
- Focus is an LNG Facility Strategic Party with significant market capitalization and an LNG development track record

ALASKA GASLINE \*





Alaska LNG is large and complicated. It will take time to develop as participants work to find alignment. Doing it right is more important that doing it fast.



## Legal Challenges



- The Sierra Club and Center for Biological Diversity petitioned the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) and the Department of Energy (DOE) to overturn their Orders authorizing the project
- Petitioners allege the project was not adequately assessed
- FERC Challenge is going through the court process
- DOE is preparing a Supplemental EIS (SEIS) to more thoroughly evaluate upstream impacts and greenhouse gas emissions
- The SEIS schedule is:
  - July 1, 2022 Notice of Availability of Draft SEIS, Public Hearings, Public Comment Period
  - November 14, 2022 Notice of Availability of Final SEIS
  - February 13, 2023 Final Order and NEPA Record of Decision

## AGDC is planning community and stakeholder outreach during the SEIS comment period, and encourages Alaskans to provide DOE with feedback on the project

## Alaska Hydrogen Opportunity



H Alaska Hydrogen Opportunity

50 years ago, the modern LNG industry was created in Alaska. For many of the same reasons, the clean hydrogen industry can also be created here in Alaska.

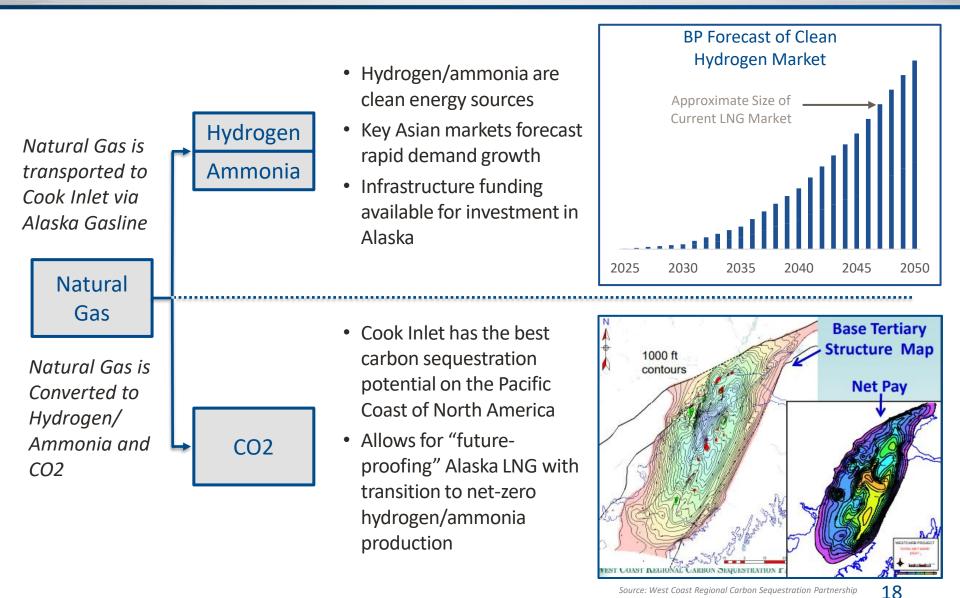
Carbon Storage and Sequestration at the Project Site on Tidewater

Short Distance to Growing Clean Hydrogen Markets in Asia

Low GHG Natural Gas from Conventional Supply Existing Ammonia Plant well Positioned to be First Mover in Market

## **Alaska Hydrogen Opportunity**





Source: West Coast Regional Carbon Sequestration Partnership

## Alaska LNG and Blue Ammonia



Alaska LNG and Cook Inlet Blue Ammonia are Complementary

**ALASKA LNG** 



The size of the current LNG market can support construction of a 20 Mtpa Alaska LNG facility. This facility is large enough to support construction of the Alaska Natural Gas Pipeline Cook Inlet Blue Ammonia demonstrates the opportunity for expanded clean energy supply from Alaska. This future proofs Alaska LNG investment and provides a path to net-zero energy from Alaska.

- ALASKA GASLINE \* \* Development corp. \* \*
- Alaska LNG is economic and needed to fill projected LNG demand
- Alaska LNG will contribute to significant reductions in worldwide greenhouse gas emissions
- Alaska LNG will provide energy security for Alaska and our country's allies
- Working with world-class private-sector Strategic Parties to provide investment and lead the Alaska LNG Project forward
- Encouraging Alaskans to rally behind the project

# ALASKA \*\* **GASLINE** \*\* DEVELOPMENT CORP.