Alaska Eskimo Whaling Commission Alaska LNG Project

February 2021



Topics



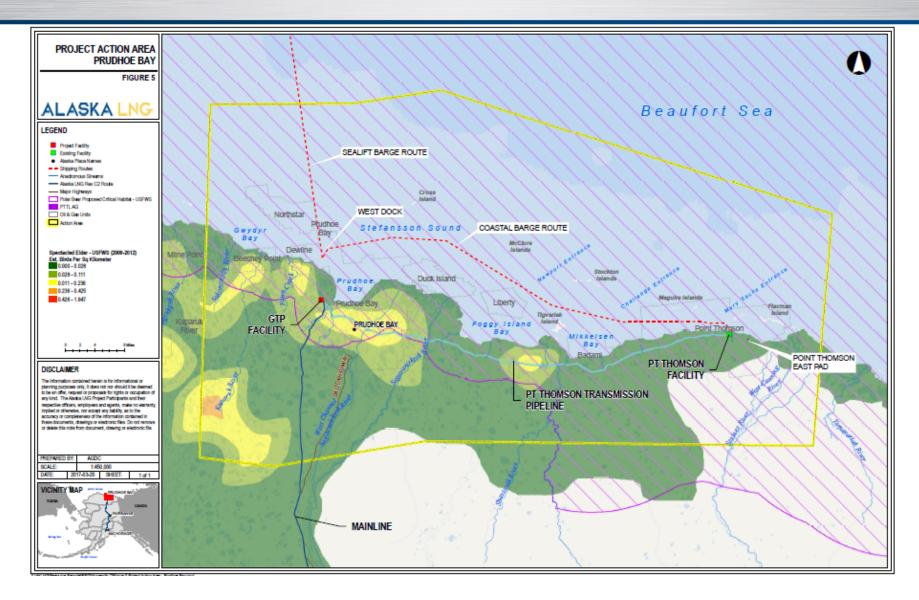
- Alaska LNG Project Update
 - North Slope Activities
 - Barge Vessel Traffic
- Bowhead Whale Range & Migration Routes
 - Spring
 - Fall
- Marine Mammal Monitoring & Mitigation
 - Minimizing Impacts to Subsistence Users
- Whaling Captains Associations Outreach
- Future topics



Alaska LNG Project Update

Project Action Area – Prudhoe Bay





Barge Vessel Activity



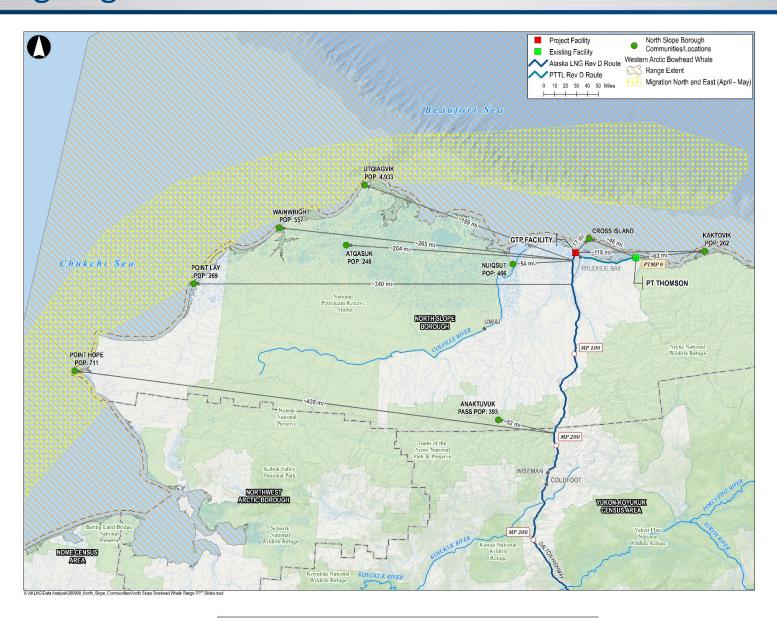
- Average of ~10 barges per year for 6 years
 - 2 years of pre-construction deliveries
 - 4 years of module transport
- Tugs and barges stage at Port Clarence awaiting ice-out at Utqiagvik, then move to Prudhoe Bay to offload w/ assist tugs
- Some barges offload at Prudhoe Bay, then move to Point Thomson
- Tugs and barges return to Dutch Harbor after offload



Bowhead Whale Range & Migration Routes

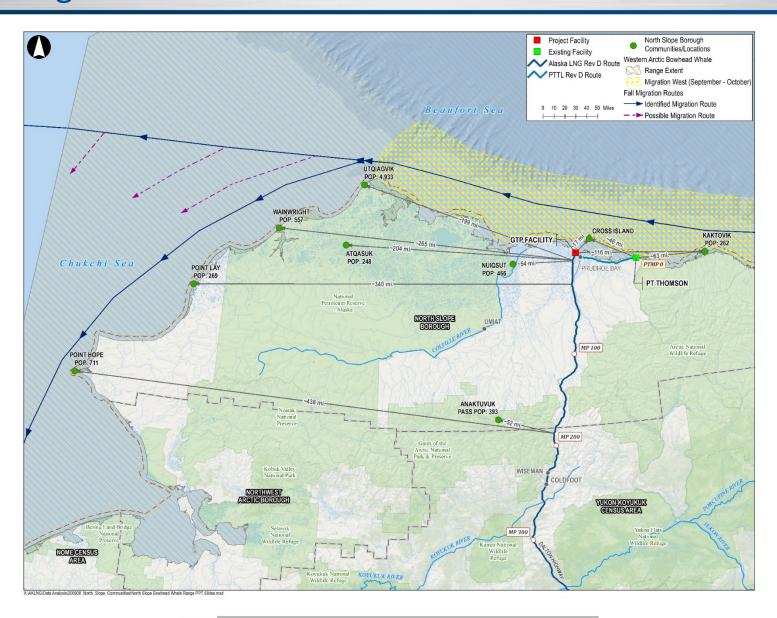
Western Arctic Bowhead Whale Range Spring Migration Patterns





Western Arctic Bowhead Whale Range Fall Migration Patterns







Monitoring & Mitigation Plan

Alaska LNG IHA Status



- NMFS issued a proposed IHA for public comment, and is in the process of developing a final IHA for publication (approximately 1Q 2021)
- All construction work associated with the IHA is expected to be done in one year, with a focus on open water and a contingency period during ice cover
- Activities for which an IHA is required:
 - West Dock Causeway Widening
 - Dock Head 4 Construction
 - Barge Bridge and Abutments
- Specific objectives:
 - Complete work safely and efficiently while avoiding and minimizing impacts to marine mammals
 - Collect data on sightings including location, species, numbers, behavior, environmental conditions
 - Provide a clear chain of command and communication

Monitoring & Mitigation Plan



- Sound source verification will be performed to verify sound propagation estimates
- Passive acoustic monitors will be deployed
- Shutdown zones have been established based on acoustics modeling and density estimates
 - The modeling and estimates are conservative
- Project will employ experienced, trained Protected Species
 Observers during in-water activities
 - PSO's have the ability to stop activity
- Communication will be ongoing

Communication



- Avoid and minimize impacts on subsistence whaling and marine mammal hunting by coordination with individual Whaling Captains Association's
 - In conjunction with each Whaling Captains Association develop a Communications Plan
- Employ community representatives to alert the project on planned subsistence activities and places to avoid
- Establish for the Project a Local Subsistence Implementation Committee
 - Meet on a regular basis
 - Provide project updates and information
 - Identify community issues and concerns
 - Work to resolve issues, if any, in a mutually satisfactory manner

Additional Commitments



- Develop Conflict Avoidance Agreement with AEWC
- Prepare Project Local Subsistence Implementation Plan
 - Completed in coordination with AEWC and NMFS
- Project Transit Management Plan
- Vessel Strike Avoidance Measures



Whaling Captains Communications Plan

Whaling Captains Communications Plan



- Identify the most effective way to engage and communicate activities during annual sealifts and construction
 - Annual meetings in January of each year throughout relevant Project construction
 - Email and phone numbers for community & organizational contacts
 - Notification prior to departure of each barge heading north from Dutch Harbor
 - Notification prior to departure of each barge heading south from West Dock
 - Dedicated page on Alaska LNG Project Web Site
 - Project hotline
 - Dedicated radio channel to communicate activities and locations during whaling season
- Post season community meetings after the end of whaling season
 - What worked
 - What needs improvement
- Other suggestions

Feedback



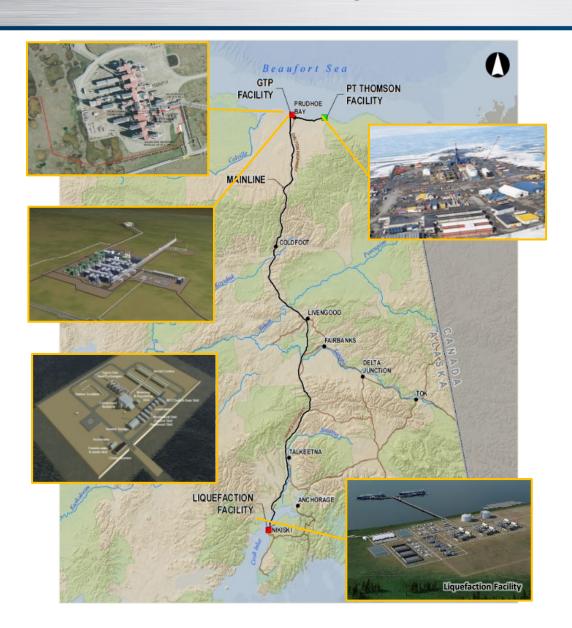
We welcome your questions and input.

Thank You



Alaska LNG – Project Overview





Producing Fields

• Anchored by Prudhoe Bay and Point Thomson for 20 years

Gas Treatment Plant

- Located at North Slope
- Remove CO₂ / H₂S; Compress for re-injection
- Footprint: 150-250 acres

Pipeline

- Large diameter: 42" operating at >2,000 psi
- Capacity: 3.3 billion cubic feet per day
- Length: ~800 miles (similar to TAPS)
- Point Thomson Transmission Line (PTTL): 63 miles, 32" pipeline above ground on VSM
- Mainline: ~776 miles 42" pipeline, mostly buried, offshore Cook Inlet Crossing about 28 miles, buried at shore crossings
- 8 compression stations and 1 heater station for temperature control

Liquefaction Plant

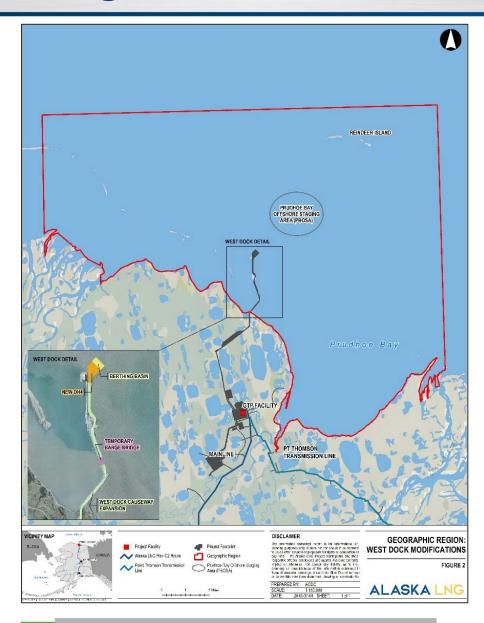
- Capacity: up to 20 MTA
- 3 trains (6.67 MTA/train)
- Footprint: 640-1,000 acres

Storage / Loading

- Terminal: 2 x 240,000 m³ LNG Storage Tanks
- 1 loading jetty with 2 berths; 15-20 tankers per month

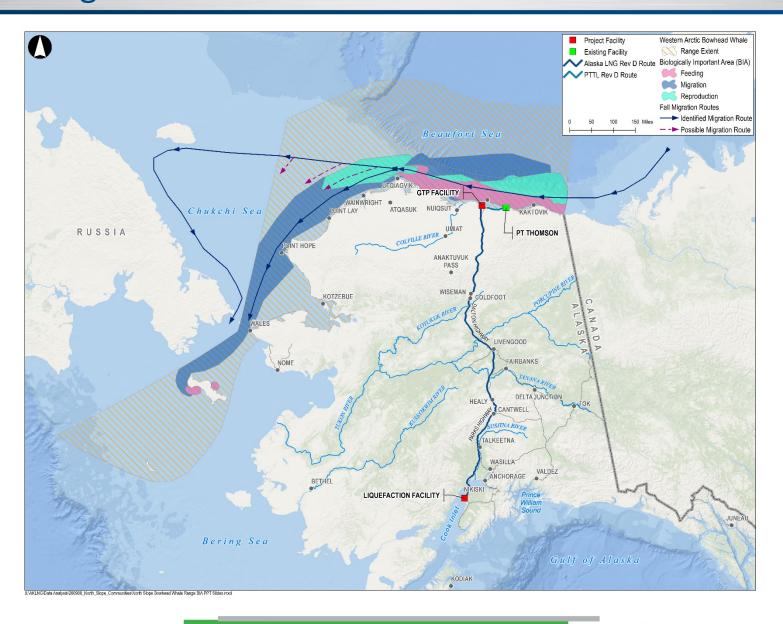
Geographic Region - West Dock





Western Arctic Bowhead Whale Range Fall Migration Patterns and BIA





Barge Placement & Module Offload



Module Offload – Docking and Transport from Causeway

- Activity Period: Approximately 4 6 years
- Season: Summer (July September)
- Location: Adjacent to 650-foot breach

Mitigation

- Barges placed prior to sealift but after migrating cisco passage
- Barge bridge contains openings/gaps for passage of local fish

FERC Order



- Prior to construction, AGDC shall file with FERC, for the review and written approval, the *Project Local Subsistence Implementation Plan* prepared in coordination with NMFS and AEWC (FERC Order, page 69 #199)
- Prior to construction, AGDC shall file with FERC, a signed Conflict Avoidance Agreement prepared in coordination with NMFS and the AEWC (FERC Order, page 69 # 199)